IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE CO.,))
Plaintiff) C.A. No.: 22-1447 (CJB)
v	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
AMAZON.COM, INC., AMAZON DIGITAL SERVICES LLC, AND AMAZON.COM SERVICES LLC,)))
Defendants.	,)

PROPOSED SCHEDULING ORDER

Thisday of	, 2023, the Court having conducted an initial Rule 16
scheduling and planning co	nference pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 16(b) and Local
Rule 16.1 on	, 2023, and the parties having determined after discussion that the
matter cannot be resolved	at this juncture by settlement, voluntary mediation, or binding
arbitration;	

IT IS ORDERED that:

1. Rule 26(a)(1) Initial Disclosures and E-Discovery Default Standard. Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, the parties shall make their initial disclosures pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(1) within fourteen (14) days of the date of this Order. If they have not already done so, the parties are to review the Court's Default Standard for Discovery, Including Discovery of Electronically Stored Information ("ESI"), which is posted on Magistrate Judge Burke's section of the Court's website (http://www.ded.uscourts.gov) under the "Guidelines" tab, and is incorporated herein by reference. The parties plan to jointly submit a proposed ESI order within fourteen (14) days from the date of this Order.

- 2. <u>Joinder of Other Parties and Amendment of Pleadings</u>. All motions to join other parties, and to amend or supplement the pleadings shall be filed on or before January 10, 2024.
- 3. Application to Court for Protective Order. Should counsel find it will be necessary to apply to the Court for a protective order specifying terms and conditions for the disclosure of confidential information, counsel should confer and attempt to reach an agreement on a proposed form of order and file it with the Court within fourteen (14) days from the date of this Order. Should counsel be unable to reach an agreement on a proposed form of order, counsel must follow the provisions of Paragraph 7(g) below.

Any proposed protective order must include the following paragraph:

Other Proceedings. By entering this order and limiting the disclosure of information in this case, the Court does not intend to preclude another court from finding that information may be relevant and subject to disclosure in another case. Any person or party subject to this order who becomes subject to a motion to disclose another party's information designated "confidential" [the parties should list any other level of designation, such as "highly confidential," which may be provided for in the protective order] pursuant to this order shall promptly notify that party of the motion so that the party may have an opportunity to appear and be heard on whether that information should be disclosed.

4. Papers Filed Under Seal. When filing papers under seal, counsel shall follow the District Court's policy on Filing Sealed Civil Documents in CM/ECF and section G of the Administrative Procedures Governing Filing and Service by Electronic Means. A redacted version of any sealed document shall be filed electronically within seven (7) days of the filing of the sealed document.

Should any party intend to request to seal or redact all or any portion of a transcript of a court proceeding (including a teleconference), such party should expressly note that intent at the start of the court proceeding. Should the party subsequently choose to make a request for sealing or redaction, it must, promptly after the completion of the transcript, file with the Court a motion

for sealing/redaction, and include as attachments: (1) a copy of the complete transcript highlighted so the Court can easily identify and read the text proposed to be sealed/redacted; and (2) a copy of the proposed redacted/sealed transcript. With its request, the party seeking redactions must demonstrate why there is good cause for the redactions and why disclosure of the redacted

material would work a clearly defined and serious injury to the party seeking redaction.

- 5. <u>Courtesy Copies.</u> The parties shall provide to the Court two (2) courtesy copies of all briefs and any other document filed in support of any briefs (i.e., appendices, exhibits, declarations, affidavits, etc.). This provision also applies to papers filed under seal. Unless ordered differently by the Court, such copies must be provided to the Court by no later than noon the business day after the filing is made electronically.
 - 6. **Disclosures.** Absent agreement among the parties, and approval of the Court:
- (a) If one or more of the patents-in-suit have already been licensed or the subject of a settlement agreement, either: (1) Plaintiff shall provide the licenses and/or settlement agreements to Defendants no later than April 6, 2023, or (2) if Plaintiff requires a Court Order to make such disclosures, Plaintiff shall file any necessary proposed orders no later than March 23, 2023. Plaintiff shall represent in the scheduling order that it is complying or has complied with this requirement.
- (b) By March 8, 2023, Plaintiff shall identify the accused product(s), including accused methods and systems, and its damages model, as well as the asserted patent(s) that the accused product(s) allegedly infringe(s). Plaintiff shall also produce the file history for each asserted patent.
- (c) By April 12, 2023, Defendants shall produce core technical documents related to the accused product(s), sufficient to show how the accused product(s) work(s), including

but not limited to non-publicly available operation manuals, product literature, schematics, and specifications. Defendants shall produce sales figures for the accused product(s).

- (d) By May 17, 2023, Plaintiff shall produce an initial claim chart relating each known accused product to the asserted claims each such product allegedly infringes.
- (e) By July 12, 2023, Defendants shall produce its initial invalidity contentions for each asserted claim, as well as the known related invalidating references.
- (f) By February 14, 2024, Plaintiff shall provide final infringement contentions.
 - (g) By February 28, 2024, Defendants shall provide final invalidity contentions.
- (h) The parties have set the following times in the schedule for reducing the number of asserted claims and asserted prior art used for anticipation and obviousness combinations:
 - (i) By July 26, 2023, Plaintiff shall assert no more than ten claims from each patent and not more than a total of 36 claims.
 - (ii) By August 9, 2023, Defendants shall assert no more than twelve prior art references against each patent and not more than a total of 40 references. For purposes of this Order, a prior art instrumentality (such as a device or process) and associated references that describe that instrumentality shall count as one reference.
 - (iii) By February 14, 2024, Plaintiff shall assert no more than five asserted claims per patent from among the ten previously identified claims and no more than a total of 18 claims.
 - (iv) By February 28, 2024, Defendants shall assert no more than six prior art references against each patent and not more than a total of 30 references. For purposes of this Order, a prior art instrumentality (such as a device or process) and associated references that describe that instrumentality shall count as one reference. For purposes of this Final Election of Asserted Prior Art, each obviousness combination counts as a separate prior art reference.
- 7. **Discovery.** Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the limitations on discovery set forth in Local Rule 26.1 shall be strictly observed.

- (a) <u>Discovery Cut Off.</u> All fact discovery in this case shall be initiated so that it will be completed on or before April 1, 2024, and all expert discovery in this case, including depositions of experts, will be completed by July 24, 2024.
- (b) <u>Document Production.</u> Document production shall be substantially complete by December 5, 2023.
- (c) <u>Requests for Admission.</u> A maximum of 50 requests for admission are permitted for each side regarding issues other than authentication, business records, and admissibility.

(d) Interrogatories.

- (i) A maximum of 30 interrogatories, including contention interrogatories, are permitted for each side.
- (ii) The Court encourages the parties to serve and respond to contention interrogatories early in the case. In the absence of agreement among the parties, contention interrogatories, if served, shall first be addressed by the party with the burden of proof. The adequacy of all interrogatory answers shall, in part, be judged by the level of detail each party provides; i.e., the more detail a party provides, the more detail a party shall receive.

(e) Depositions.

(i) <u>Limitation on Hours for Deposition Discovery</u>. Each side is limited to a total of 100 hours of taking testimony by deposition upon oral examination, not to exceed a total of twenty (20) depositions, excluding expert depositions but including third-party depositions. Fact witnesses may be deposed only once and for up to seven (7) hours on the record. The Court may modify any of the foregoing limits upon a showing of good cause.

- (ii) Location of Depositions. Any party or representative (officer, director, or managing agent) of a party filing a civil action in this Court must ordinarily be required, upon request, to submit to a deposition at a place designated within this district. Exceptions to this general rule may be made by order of the Court, and the parties jointly request that the Court order that the parties may mutually agree to an alternative location for depositions, including remotely, for the convenience of both the witnesses and attorneys. A defendant who becomes a counterclaimant, cross-claimant, or third-party plaintiff shall be considered as having filed an action in this Court for the purpose of this provision.
 - (f) Disclosure of Expert Testimony.
- (i) Expert Reports. For the party who has the initial burden of proof on the subject matter, the initial Federal Rule 26(a)(2) disclosure of expert testimony is due on or before May 1, 2024. The supplemental disclosure to contradict or rebut evidence on the same matter identified by another party is due on or before May 29, 2024. Reply expert reports from the party with the initial burden of proof are due on or before June 26, 2024. No other expert reports will be permitted without either the consent of all parties or leave of the Court. Along with the submissions of the expert reports, the parties shall advise of the dates and times of their experts' availability for deposition.
- (ii) Expert Report Supplementation. The parties agree they will permit expert declarations to be filed in connection with motions briefing (including case-dispositive motions).
- (iii) <u>Objections to Expert Testimony</u>. To the extent any objection to expert testimony is made pursuant to the principles announced in *Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharm.*, *Inc.*, 509 U.S. 579 (1993), as incorporated in Federal Rule of Evidence 702, it shall be made by

motion no later than the deadline for dispositive motions set forth herein, unless otherwise ordered by the Court. Briefing on such motions is subject to the page limits set out in connection with briefing of case dispositive motions.

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(g) <u>Discovery Matters and Disputes Relating to Protective Orders.</u>

- (i) Any discovery motion filed without first complying with the following procedures will be denied without prejudice to renew pursuant to these procedures.
- (ii) Should counsel find, after good faith efforts—including *verbal* communication among Delaware and Lead Counsel for all parties to the dispute—that they are unable to resolve a discovery matter or a dispute regarding a protective order (other than that involving the initial drafting of a protective order, which is discussed further below), the parties involved in the discovery matter or protective order dispute shall file a joint letter in substantially the following form:

Dear Judge Burke:

The parties in the above-referenced matter write to request the scheduling of a discovery teleconference.

The following attorneys, including at least one Delaware Counsel and at least one Lead Counsel per party, participated in a verbal meet-and-confer (in person and/or by telephone) on the following date(s):

Delaware Counsel:	
Lead Counsel:	

The disputes requiring judicial attention are listed below:

[provide here a non-argumentative list of disputes requiring judicial attention]

(iii) The moving party (i.e., the party seeking relief from the Court) should also file a "Motion For Teleconference To Resolve Discovery Dispute." The suggested

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text for this motion can be found in Judge Burke's section of the Court's website, in the "Forms" tab, under the heading "Discovery Matters - Motion to Resolve Discovery Dispute."

- The Court will thereafter set a discovery dispute telephone (iv) conference and a briefing schedule. The movant's opening letter brief shall include as attachments: (1) a proposed order, attached as an exhibit, setting out the nature of the relief requested of the Court; and (2) to the extent that the dispute relates to responses to certain discovery requests, an attached exhibit (or exhibits) containing the requests and the responses in dispute. To the extent that factual issues are disputed or are otherwise central to the Court's analysis, the parties shall attach as an exhibit (or exhibits) to their letter briefs sworn declarations or affidavits regarding those issues. The parties should also consult and follow Judge Burke's "Guidelines for Discovery Disputes," which is found in the "Guidelines" tab on Judge Burke's section of the District Court's website. The parties shall also comply with paragraph 5 regarding the submission of courtesy copies; if they fail to do so, the telephone conference may be cancelled.
- (v) Should the Court find further briefing necessary upon the conclusion of the telephone conference, the Court will order it. Alternatively, the Court may choose to resolve the dispute prior to the telephone conference and will, in that event, cancel the conference.
- (vi) Should counsel find, after good faith efforts—including verbal communication among Delaware and Lead Counsel for all parties to the dispute—that they are unable to resolve a dispute regarding the initial drafting of a protective order, the parties involved in the dispute shall file a joint letter in substantially the following form:

Dear Judge Burke:

The parties in the above-referenced matter write to request the scheduling of a teleconference to resolve a protective order dispute.

The following attorneys, including at least one Delaware Counsel and at least one Lead Counsel per party, participated in a verbal meet-and-confer (in person and/or by telephone) on the following date(s):

Delaware Coun	sel:	
Lead Counsel:_		

The disputes requiring judicial attention are listed below:

[provide here a non-argumentative list of disputes requiring judicial attention]

(vii) The parties shall also file a "Joint Motion For Teleconference To Resolve Protective Order Dispute." The suggested text for this motion can be found in Judge Burke's section of the Court's website, in the "Forms" tab, under the heading "Discovery Matters - Joint Motion to Resolve Protective Order Dispute."

(viii) The Court will thereafter set a protective order dispute teleconference and a briefing schedule. Along with their respective letter briefs, each side should include as an attachment the side's proposal as to how the content of the disputed portion(s) of the protective order should read. The parties shall also comply with paragraph 5 regarding the submission of courtesy copies; if they fail to do so, the telephone conference may be cancelled.

(ix) Should the Court find further briefing necessary upon the conclusion of the telephone conference, the Court will order it. Alternatively, the Court may choose to resolve the dispute prior to the telephone conference and will, in that event, cancel the conference.

8. **Motions to Amend.**

Any motion to amend a pleading shall *NOT* be accompanied by an opening (a) brief but shall, instead, be accompanied by a letter, not to exceed three (3) single-spaced pages, describing the basis for the requested relief, and shall attach the proposed amended pleading as well as a "blackline" comparison to the prior pleading.

- (b) Within seven (7) days after the filing of a motion in compliance with this Order, any party opposing such a motion shall file a responsive letter, not to exceed five (5) single-spaced pages.
- (c) Within three (3) days thereafter, the moving party may file a reply letter, not to exceed two (2) single-spaced pages, and, by this same date, the parties may file a letter requesting a teleconference to address the motion to amend.

9. **Motions to Strike**.

- (a) Any motion to strike any pleading or other document or testimony shall NOT be accompanied by an opening brief but shall, instead, be accompanied by a letter, not to exceed three (3) single-spaced pages, describing the basis for the requested relief, and shall attach the document to be stricken.
- (b) Within seven (7) days after the filing of a motion in compliance with this Order, any party opposing such a motion shall file a responsive letter, not to exceed five (5) single-spaced pages.
- (c) Within three (3) days thereafter, the moving party may file a reply letter, not to exceed two (2) single-spaced pages, and, by this same date, the parties may file a letter requesting a teleconference to address the motion to strike.

10. Motions to Stay.

(a) Any motion to stay shall NOT be accompanied by an opening brief but shall, instead, be accompanied by a letter, not to exceed three (3) single-spaced pages, describing the basis for the requested relief.

- (b) Within seven (7) days after the filing of a motion in compliance with this Order, any party opposing such a motion shall file a responsive letter, not to exceed five (5) single-spaced pages.
- (c) Within three (3) days thereafter, the moving party may file a reply letter, not to exceed two (2) single-spaced pages, and, by this same date, the parties may file a letter requesting a teleconference to address the motion to stay.
- (though they are not required to) provide the Court, no later than the date on which the Joint Claim Construction Brief is due, with a tutorial on the technology at issue. Any party intending to submit a tutorial shall notify the other party at least twenty-eight days prior to the due date to submit the tutorial. In this regard, the parties may separately submit a DVD/flash drive containing a tutorial that is not more than 30 minutes in length. The tutorial should focus on the technology at issue and should not be used to argue claim construction contentions. The parties may choose to file their tutorial(s) under seal, subject to any protective order in effect. Each party may comment, in writing (in no more than 5 pages) on the opposing party's tutorial. Any such comment shall be filed no later than seven days after the Joint Claim Construction Brief is due. As to the format selected, the parties should confirm the Court's technical abilities to access the information contained in the tutorial.
- 12. <u>Claim Construction Issue Identification</u>. On July 12, 2023, the parties shall exchange a list of those claim term(s)/phrase(s) that they believe need construction and their proposed claim construction of those term(s)/phrase(s). On August 2, 2023, the parties shall exchange responsive proposed constructions. This document will not be filed with the Court. Subsequent to exchanging that list, the parties will meet and confer to prepare a Joint Claim

Construction Chart to be filed with the Court on August 9, 2023. The Joint Claim Construction shall e-mailed Chart, in Word format. be simultaneously with filing to Deborah Benyo@ded.uscourts.gov. The parties' Joint Claim Construction Chart should identify for the Court the term(s)/phrase(s) of the claim(s) in issue, and should include each party's proposed construction of the disputed claim language with citation(s) only to the intrinsic evidence in support of their respective proposed constructions. A copy of the patent(s) at issue as well as those portions of the intrinsic record relied upon shall be submitted with this Joint Claim Construction Chart. In this joint submission, the parties shall not provide argument. Each party shall file concurrently with the Joint Claim Construction Chart a "Motion for Claim Construction" that requests the Court to adopt the claim construction position(s) of that party set forth in the Joint Claim Construction Chart. The motion shall not contain any argument and shall simply state that the party "requests that the Court adopt the claim construction positions of [the party] set forth in the Joint Claim Construction Chart (D.I. [])."

- Claim Construction Briefing. Plaintiff shall serve, but not file, its opening brief, not to exceed 20 pages, on claim construction on or before August 23, 2023. Defendants shall serve, but not file, its answering claim construction brief, not to exceed 30 pages, on or before September 20, 2023. Plaintiff shall serve, but not file, its reply brief, not to exceed 20 pages, on or before October 4, 2023. Defendants shall serve, but not file, its sur-reply brief, not to exceed 10 pages, on or before October 18, 2023. No later than October 25, 2023, the parties shall file a Joint Claim Construction Brief. The parties shall copy and paste their unfiled briefs into one brief, with their positions on each claim term in sequential order, in substantially the form below:
- I. Agreed-upon Constructions
- II. Disputed Constructions

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- 1. Plaintiff's Opening Position
- 2. Defendants' Answering Position
- 3. Plaintiff's Reply Position
- 4. Defendants' Sur-Reply Position

B. [TERM 2]

- 1. Plaintiff's Opening Position
- 2. Defendants' Answering Position
- 3. Plaintiff's Reply Position
- 4. Defendants' Sur-Reply Position

The parties need not include any general summaries of the law relating to claim construction. If there are any materials that would be submitted in an appendix, the parties shall file them in a joint appendix.

- Hearing on Claim Construction. Beginning at 11am on November 9, 2023, the Court will hear argument on claim construction. The parties shall notify the Court, by joint letter submission, no later than the date on which the Joint Claim Construction Brief is due: (i) whether they request leave to present testimony at the hearing; (ii) the amount of time they are requesting be allocated to them for the hearing; and (iii) the order in which they intend to present the claim terms at issue, including which side will present first for each term. Provided that the parties comply with all portions of this Scheduling Order, and any other orders of the Court, the Court will endeavor to issue its claim construction order within sixty (60) days of the conclusion of the claim construction hearing.
- 15. <u>Interim Status Report.</u> On December 13, 2023, counsel shall file a joint letter with the Court with an interim report on the nature of the matters in issue and the progress of discovery to date. Thereafter, if the Court deems it necessary, it will schedule a status conference.
- 16. **Supplementation.** Absent agreement among the parties, and approval of the Court, no later than February 14, 2024, Plaintiff must finally supplement, *inter alia*, the identification of

all accused products and, no later than February 28, 2024, Defendants must finally supplement, *inter alia*, the identification of all invalidity references.

17. Case Dispositive Motions.

- (a) All case dispositive motions, an opening brief, and affidavits, if any, in support of the motion shall be served and filed on or before August 21, 2024. All responses shall be served and filed on or before September 18, 2024. All replies shall be served and filed on or before October 2, 2024. Briefing will be presented pursuant to the Court's Local Rules, as modified by this Order.
- (b) No early motions without leave. No case dispositive motion under Rule 56 may be filed more than ten (10) days before the above date without leave of the Court. A party seeking leave to file a case dispositive motion prior to ten (10) days before the deadline set forth above shall do so by filing a motion and an accompanying letter brief with the Court of no more than four (4) single-spaced pages, explaining the reasons why an earlier-filed motion should be permitted. If any party wishes to contest this request, it may do so by filing a responsive letter brief of no more than four (4) single-spaced pages, within seven (7) days from the date the requesting party filed its brief. No reply briefs shall be filed.
- (c) <u>Concise Statement of Facts Requirement</u>. Any motion for summary judgment shall be accompanied by a separate concise statement, not to exceed six pages, which details each material fact that the moving party contends is essential for the Court's resolution of the summary judgment motion (not the entire case) and as to which the moving party contends there is no genuine issue to be tried. Each fact shall be set forth in a separate numbered paragraph and shall be supported by specific citation(s) to the record.

Any party opposing the motion shall include with its opposing papers a response to the moving party's concise statement, not to exceed six pages, which admits or disputes the facts set forth in the moving party's concise statement on a paragraph-by-paragraph basis. To the extent a fact is disputed, the basis of the dispute shall be supported by specific citation(s) to the record. Failure to respond to a fact presented in the moving party's concise statement of facts shall indicate that fact is not in dispute for purposes of summary judgment. The party opposing the motion may also include with its opposing papers a separate concise statement, not to exceed four pages, which sets forth material facts as to which the opposing party contends there is a genuine issue to be tried. Each fact asserted by the opposing party shall also be set forth in a separate numbered paragraph and shall be supported by specific citation(s) to the record.

- (d) The moving party shall include with its reply papers a response to the opposing party's concise statement of facts, not to exceed four pages, on a paragraph-by- paragraph basis.
- permitted to file as many case dispositive motions as desired; provided, however, that each *SIDE* will be limited to a combined total of 40 pages for all opening briefs, a combined total of 40 pages for all answering briefs, and a combined total of 20 pages for all reply briefs regardless of the number of case dispositive motions that are filed. In the event that a party files, in addition to a case dispositive motion, a *Daubert* motion to exclude or preclude all or any portion of an expert's testimony, the total amount of pages permitted for all case dispositive and *Daubert* motions shall

be increased to 50 pages for all opening briefs, 50 pages for all answering briefs, and 25 pages for all reply briefs for each **SIDE**.¹

- (f) Hearing. The Court will hear argument on all pending case dispositive and Daubert motions on October 29, 2024 beginning at 11am.
- 18. **Applications by Motion.** Except as otherwise specified herein, any application to the Court shall be by written motion filed with the Court. Any non-dispositive motion should contain the statement required by Local Rule 7.1.1.
- 19. Pretrial Conference. On March 7, 2025 beginning at 10am, the Court will hold a pretrial conference in court with counsel. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the parties should assume that filing the pretrial order satisfies the pretrial disclosure requirement of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(3). The parties shall file with the Court the joint proposed final pretrial order with the information required by the form of Patent Pretrial Order, which can be found in the "Forms" tab on Judge Burke's section of the Court's website (www.ded.uscourts.gov), on or before January 29, 2025. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the parties shall comply with the timeframes set forth in Local Rule 16.3(d)(1)-(3) for the preparation of the joint proposed final pretrial order.

As noted in the Patent Pretrial Order, the parties shall include in their joint proposed pretrial order, among other things:

(a) a request for a specific number of *hours* for their trial presentations, as well as a requested number of days, based on the assumption that in a typical jury trial day (in which

The parties must work together to ensure that the Court receives no more than a total of 250 pages (i.e., 50 + 50 + 25 regarding one side's motions, and 50 + 50 + 25 regarding the other side's motions) of briefing on all case dispositive motions and Daubert motions that are covered by this scheduling order and any other scheduling order entered in any related case that is proceeding on a consolidated or coordinated pretrial schedule.

there is not jury selection, jury instruction, or deliberations), there will be 5 ½ to 6 ½ hours of trial time, and in a typical bench trial day there will be 6 to 7 hours of trial time;

- (b) their position as to whether the Court should allow objections to efforts to impeach a witness with prior testimony, including objections based on lack of completeness and/or lack of inconsistency;
- (c) their position as to whether the Court should rule at trial on objections to expert testimony as beyond the scope of prior expert disclosures, taking time from the parties' trial presentation to argue and decide such objections, or defer ruling on all such objections unless renewed in writing following trial, subject to the proviso that a party prevailing on such a posttrial objection will be entitled to have all of its costs associated with a new trial paid for by the party that elicited the improper expert testimony at the earlier trial; and;
- (d) their position as to how to make motions for judgment as a matter of law, whether it be immediately at the appropriate point during trial or at a subsequent break, whether the jury should be in or out of the courtroom, and whether such motions may be supplemented in writing.
- 20. **Motions** in *Limine*. Motions in *limine* shall not be separately filed. All in *limine* requests and responses thereto shall be set forth in the proposed pretrial order. Each SIDE shall be limited to three (3) in limine requests, unless otherwise permitted by the Court. The in limine request and any response shall contain the authorities relied upon; each in limine request may be supported by a maximum of three (3) single-spaced pages of argument and may be opposed by a maximum of three (3) single-spaced pages of argument, and the party making the in limine request may add a maximum of one (1) additional single-spaced page in reply in support of its request. If more than one party is supporting or opposing an in limine request, such support or opposition

shall be combined in a single three (3)-page single-spaced submission (and, if the moving party, a single one (l)-page single-spaced reply), unless otherwise ordered by the Court. No separate

briefing shall be submitted on in limine requests, unless otherwise permitted by the Court.

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- Jury Instructions, Voir Dire, and Special Verdict Forms. Where a case is to be tried to a jury, pursuant to Local Rules 47.1 and 51.1 the parties should file (i) proposed voir dire, (ii) preliminary jury instructions, (iii) final jury instructions, and (iv) special verdict forms three (3) full business days before the final pretrial conference. This submission shall be accompanied by a courtesy copy containing electronic files of these documents, in Word format, which may be submitted by e-mail to the trial judge's staff.
- 22. **Trial.** This matter is scheduled for a jury trial beginning at 9:30 a.m. on March 24, 2025, with the subsequent trial days beginning at 9:00 a.m. Until the case is submitted to the jury for deliberations, the jury will be excused each day at 4:30 p.m. The trial will be timed, as counsel will be allocated a total number of hours in which to present their respective cases.
- 23. <u>Judgment on Verdict and Post-Trial Status Report</u>. Within seven (7) days after a jury returns a verdict in any portion of a jury trial, the parties shall jointly file a form of order to enter judgment on the verdict. At the same time, the parties shall file a joint status report, indicating among other things how the case should proceed and listing any post-trial motions each party intends to file.
- 24. **Post-Trial Motions**. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, all **SIDES** are limited to a maximum of 20 pages of opening briefs, 20 pages of answering briefs, and 10 pages of reply briefs relating to any post-trial motions filed by that side, no matter how many such motions are filed.

Christopher J. Burke UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Chart of All Relevant Deadlines

EVENT	DEADLINE
Rule 26(a)(1) Disclosures and Paragraph 3 Default Standard	Within 14 days from date of
Initial Disclosures	Scheduling Order
Parties Submit Proposed Protective Order	Within 14 days from date of
D. C. G. L. C. D. LEGIO 1	Scheduling Order
Parties Submit Proposed ESI Order	Within 14 days from date of
D1-1-4-CC - 11-4-C-4-1-4-1-4-1-4-1-4-4-1-4-4-1	Scheduling Order
Plaintiff's Identification of the Accused Product(s), Asserted	March 8, 2023
Patent(s), Damages Model, and Accompanying File History Production	
Plaintiff Submits Proposed Order re: Disclosure of Licenses	March 23, 2023
and/or Settlement Agreements (If Needed)	
Plaintiff's Production of Licenses and/or Settlement	April 6, 2023
Agreements	1 ' ' ' ' '
Defendants' Production of Core Technical Documents and	April 12, 2023
Sales Figures for Accused Product(s)	
Plaintiff's Disclosure of Initial Infringement Claim Charts	May 17, 2023
Defendants' Disclosure of Initial Invalidity Contentions and	July 12, 2023
Production of References	-
Parties Exchange List Identifying Terms for Construction,	July 12, 2023
Their Proposed Constructions, and Supporting Intrinsic	
Evidence	
Plaintiff to assert no more than a total of 36 claims	July 26, 2023
Parties Exchange Responsive Proposed Constructions and	August 2, 2023
Supporting Intrinsic Evidence	
Parties Submit Joint Claim Chart	August 9, 2023
Defendants to assert no more than 40 prior art references	August 9, 2023
Plaintiff's Opening Claim Construction Brief Served	August 23, 2023
Defendants' Response Claim Construction Brief Served	September 20, 2023
Deadline for Any Party Intending to Submit a Tech Tutorial to	September 27, 2023
Notify the Other Party	
Plaintiff's Reply Claim Construction Brief Served	October 4, 2023
Defendants' Sur-Reply Claim Construction Brief Served	October 18, 2023
Parties File Joint Claim Construction Brief	October 25, 2023
Parties Submit Tech Tutorial (If Desired)	October 25, 2023
Comments on Other Parties' Tech Tutorial Due	November 1, 2023
Claim Construction Hearing	November 9, 2023
Substantial Completion of Document Production	December 5, 2023
Parties Submit Interim Status Report	December 13, 2023
Deadline to Amend or Supplement the Pleadings	January 10, 2024
Plaintiff's Final Infringement Contentions; Plaintiff to assert no	February 14, 2024
more than a total of 18 claims	

February 14, 2024
February 28, 2024
February 28, 2024
April 1, 2024
May 1, 2024
May 29, 2024
June 26, 2024
July 24, 2024
August 21, 2024
September 18, 2024
October 2, 2024
October 29, 2024
January 29, 2025
March 7, 2025
Beginning March 24, 2025
Within 7 days after the jury
returns a verdict in any
portion of the jury trial